

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 9

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MARCH 31st 1932

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Spring Time Needs

Formaldehyde per lb.	22c
Copper Carbonate per lb.	18c
Sweat Pads, each	50c
Harrow Teeth, each	10c
Harrow Teeth Clips, each	10c
Cultivator Shovels, 2 1-2 inch, each	40c
Cultivator Shovels 4 1 2 in., each	75c
“ “ 10 in. each	1.10
“ “ 12 in., each	1.20
Grain Tubes, each	60c
Curry Combs, each	25c
Horse Brushes, each	35c to 60c
Plow Bolts per dozen	35c
Plow Shares, Crucible, 14 inch	3.00
Plow Shares, Soft Centre	4.75
Cotter Keys, Drift Keys, Oil Cups and Bolts to fit anything.	

Wm. Laut

Car Owners!

It pays in the long run to have your car overhauled by us. We know your car and its troubles. No guess work. We have the proper factory tools and wrenches. No cold chisel and hammer work. Our rates are reasonable.

EVERYTHING A GARAGE SHOULD BE.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

Don't Pay Taxes

TO THE ELEMENTS! A good home for your machinery or car can NOW be built at a greatly reduced cost. Get our estimate and be convinced.

Wagon Oak, Gyproc, Coal and nice Dry Wood always in stock.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Member

Phone 15

W.R.L.A.

The Drill Market Will Soon Be at Hand

The second-hand buys are pretty well cleaned up.

WE HAVE ON HAND

One 24-run Power Lift Drill

To be sold at a Reduced Price.

This drill is set up, come in and look it over. We can fit it with either single or double discs as desired.

We have also in stock a Mills Wire Weeder. A Machine for every purpose at terms to suit.

W. K. Gibson

TELEPHONE 68

Meat at Reduced Prices

Choice line of Fresh and Cured Meats
SPECIALS EVERY DAY

Electric Refrigeration. Kash and Karry
HOME MEAT MARKET

Report of Easter Examinations

Grade XII				
Student	No. Subjects	Wrote	Average	Stand- ing
Mac Stauffer	7	80	1	1
Catherine Laut	4	76	2	2
Mac Purvis	4	69	3	3
Fern Hemm	7	68	4	4
Eva Jarman	5	62	5	5
Marjorie Young	4	59	6	6
Frank Low	5	55	7	7

Grade XI				
Student	No. Subjects	Wrote	Average	Stand- ing
Oliver Stauffer	4	91	1	1
Isabel Leask	7	76	2	2
Mildred Brandon	5	70	3	3
Mary Brandon	3	66	4	4
Frances Mobbs	4	62	5	5
Rowland Fleming	6	60	6	6
Raymond Gilchrist	7	53	7	7
Donald Fleming	4	52	8	8
Hulbert Cross	7	49	9	9
Irene Jackson	5	44	10	10

Grade X				
Student	No. Subjects	Wrote	Average	Stand- ing
Dorothy Jackson	5	72	1	1
M. Fitzpatrick	7	67	2	2
Pauline Nasadyk	7	65.4	3	3
Helen Fleming	3	65.3	4	4
Jessie Young	7	65.2	5	5
Alma Gordon	7	64	6	6
Earle Richardson	7	62	7	7
Stanley Pogue	7	58	8	8
Tunis Robinson	5	55	9	9
Ethel Sackett	3	54.6	10	10
Genevieve Methers	5	54.1	11	11
Mildred Hyde	6	54.3	12	12
Gordon Johnson	7	48.7	13	13
Desley Hyde	6	48.3	14	14
Ronald McFadyen	6	48.1	15	15
George Donald	4	41.2	16	16
Mack McCrimmon	5	41.1	17	17
Victor Law	4	37	18	18
Herbert Seville	6	30	19	19

Grade IX				
Student	No. Subjects	Wrote	Average	Stand- ing
Opal Blough	7	71	1	1
Laverne Johnson	7	52	2	2
Merle Heywood	7	50	3	3
George Nasadyk	6	47	4	4
Mary Murdoch	7	46.6	5	5
Verna Pogue	7	46	6	6

In regard to the results of the High School examinations it is necessary to point out that the average obtained is based entirely on number of subjects written. When considering a student's standing this number should be noted. In certain cases students are taking more subjects but on account of illness or for other reasons they were not able to be present at the examinations.

Under the present system, it is difficult to grade students any more. Frequently they are taking subjects in one, two or three grades.

In certain subjects the marks were somewhat low. This was because the work for the whole year in that subject was just completed by Easter, thus leaving little time for review. However they will have three months in which to brush up their knowledge.

In general, the marks have been satisfactory, for this time of year, and we are looking forward to a successful showing on the final examinations in June.

E. C. COLLIER, Principal.

Greenwood School Exams.

The following is the results of the Easter Examinations of Greenwood School.

Grade IX		
Student	Percentage	
Grace Riddell	62	
Grade VIII		
Eileen Riddell	69	
Grade VI		
Alma Quigley	71.3	
Cathie Cameron	59.6	
Grade V		
Tom Cuming	67.8	
Clarence Riddell	68.9	
Dick May	66.8	
Grade IV		
Lyvela Brown	76	
Betty Short	53	
Grade III		
Eileen May	62	
Idella Dorsch, Teacher.		

Nothing Definite on Garnet Wheat

The president of the Board of Trade Mr. G. G. Huer, was at the community sale last Saturday, and spoke to the farmers regarding the information he had received from Premier Bennett and the Minister of Trade and Commerce, regarding the grading of Garnet wheat. In his remarks he stated that nothing definite will be done until the latter part of April.

OBITUARY

MRS. J. McPHEE

Mrs. Jessie McPhee, Alberta pioneer, died Sunday at her residence, 15 miles southwest of Crossfield. Born in Forest Hill P. E. I., Mrs. McPhee moved to Manitoba in 1881, settling in Selkirk. She came to Calgary in 1883, where Mr. McPhee was employed by the C. P. R. at Keith. Since 1900 he had resided in Crossfield district. Her husband pre-deceased her in 1917.

Funeral services will be held today (Thursday) at 2 o'clock from the Armstrong funeral home. Interment will follow in the Union cemetery, Calgary.

FRED COWMAN

Funeral services for Frederick Cowman, well-known Alberta cattleman, of the Cremona district, who died Sunday at his ranch, were held Tuesday afternoon from the Carstairs United church. Rev. A. D. Currie officiating. Interment followed in Carstairs cemetery.

GOOD CROWD AT LEGION WHIST DRIVE

The Crossfield Legion social evening and whist drive held in the Masonic Hall on Tuesday evening was well attended and a very pleasant time was had. 20 tables of court whist were played.

Following are the winners: Ladies' first prize, Miss Leona Jones; second prize, Miss Jean Arnott; gent's first prize, Mac Ferguson; second prize, Rev. A. D. Currie.

During lunch time, Captain Hudson, Field Organizer, spoke of the organization of the Canadian Legion from its outset to the present day.

The Rev. A. D. Currie also spoke for a few minutes.

The singing of God Save The King brought to a close a very pleasant evening.

COMMUNITY SALE LARGELY ATTENDED

The community sale on Saturday last, was attended by an exceptionally large crowd, main street looked like circus day. The sale was large and prices realized may be considered good under present conditions, and the general opinion seemed to be that the sale was a great success.

The money realized at the sale will to a considerable extent be spent locally, and when the mazutarium is as scarce as it is just now, it all helps.

It is hoped that the community sale will become a regular event in Crossfield.

BACK TO THE MOUNTAINS

After tonight the A. P. P. will be no more. The R. C. M. P. will be in command. Constable Jarman has been retained by the R. C. M. P. and remains in Crossfield.

We wish to express our appreciation of the good services rendered in this district by the Alberta Provincial Police and we wish Constable Jarman the best of luck.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Enjoy Trip Home

Letters have been received from Mr. and Mrs. Ivor Lewis from the Old Country informing their friends that they had a very pleasant trip. Since being there the weather has been every known kind. They send their best regards to all their friends.

Ed. Note.—How is the Bass, Ivor?

Crossfield Well Represented At Calgary Spring Show

The annual Calgary purebred stock show and auction sale is being held this week. We note the following Crossfield farmers have entries: Messrs. F. Collicutt, G. K. Altonby, Garnet Onell, Geo. Leask, Wm. Russell, Chas. Dugan.



DRY in 4 Hours

The latest Kyanize Varnish is a great time-saver without sacrificing one single fine quality.

4 HOUR FLOOR VARNISH 4 HOUR

Dries dust-free in less than sixty minutes—Hard enough to walk on in four hours—Waterproof—Will not scratch white—Pale in color—Brushes easily—Very durable—Ready for use—No special thinners required—For floors, linoleums and interior woodwork—Can be used over old paint or varnish. Finish your floor in the morning—use it in the afternoon. Your money back for the empty can if it doesn't do all we claim.

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

Service on All Makes of Cars

We specialize on repair work and guarantee satisfaction. Get your car ready for spring and save time later.

The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

Tires Accessories Repairs

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield Phone 54 Alberta.

Airdrie 33 Phones: Calgary M 1010

Crossfield Transfer

Daily Service from Crossfield to Calgary

ALL LOADS INSURED

FREIGHT, FURNITURE AND LIVE STOCK

M. PATMORE Phone 62 CROSSFIELD

Goods may be left at Chronicle office for shipment to Calgary.

Results of Spelling Match

Following are the results of the spelling match held in the East Community Hall on March 24th. Meadowside, Floral, Elba, Tany-Bryn and Rodney Schools participating.

Mrs. W. Fredell, Mrs. G. Wickerson, and Mrs. L. Laut dictated the words. Mrs. G. Jones, Mrs. W. Stafford and Mrs. Rodgers were the judges.

Prize winners:

Grade III — 1st. Wilma Thompson; 2nd. Ernie Montgomery. IV — 1st. Mary Trea; 2nd. Leon Mason.

V — 1st. Ruth Richardson; 2. C. Neufeld.

VI — 1st. Lena Newfeld; 2nd. Eileen Montgomery.

VII — 1st. Lydia Weitz; 2nd. Veronica Mason.

VIII — 1st. Bennett Heine; 2nd. Janet McCrimmon.

GET THIS

Two Alberta grain growers were fined \$20 and \$25 with costs, respectively, on a charge of false pretences in obtaining the federal government 5c wheat bonus on wheat grown in 1930. This bonus is payable on wheat grown in 1931.

Fragrance Sealed In Metal



Be Careful.

The season is close at hand when once again the roads and highways of the country will witness the passing to and fro, in numbers almost beyond counting, of automobiles, trucks, buses, vans, motor propelled vehicles of all descriptions. Farmers enroute to their marketing centres, city and town people bound for their summer cottages or other resorts, tourists from far and near, commercial travellers and others engaged on business freight and express cars moving in all directions, will be claiming right-of-way upon rural roads, city streets and provincial highways.

Past years have recorded an ever mounting toll of accidents resulting from all this modern, high powered highway traffic. The lists of killed, maimed for life, seriously and less seriously injured, the money loss in damaged property, have been appalling.

The question is: What is to be the record for this year? Is this costly toll to go higher still, or are we as a civilized people going to come to our senses, and in this year bring about a lessening of these losses?

The following figures have been compiled across the international boundary line. They apply only to the United States, but, while conditions may be somewhat better in Canada, because our population is smaller and our traffic less congested, much the same situation prevails. There is, therefore, a lesson and a warning in these figures for the people of this Dominion. Reference has been made in this column on more than one occasion previously to this subject, but no apology is offered for again directing attention to it at this time because of its importance and in the hope that thereby at least some drivers of motor cars will exercise more caution.

Every year from 1917 through 1931 deaths from automobile accidents have steadily increased. Last year 34,400 people were killed in automotive accidents. Nearly a million others, 997,600 were injured. Losses for a period of eighteen months ending December 31, 1931, exceeded even the United States sacrifices of the World War.

The money cost, also, is prodigious. The Travelers' Insurance Company reckons the annual loss at \$2,500,000,000.

This is a staggering sum. It is larger than the entire cost of public education in the United States. It is far greater than the entire cost, exclusive of war debts, of the Federal Government. Examination of the circumstances surrounding these accidents shows clearly that they were avoidable. Here are some of the salient facts:

More than 90 per cent. of the motor vehicles involved in personal-injury accidents in 1931 were in good condition. More than 80 per cent. of the accidents occurred in clear weather with dry roads. More than 90 per cent. of the accidents involved drivers of more than one year's experience.

The most hazardous age for driving is under twenty. Women apparently are safer drivers than men. One male driver out of every twenty-one licensed was involved in a personal injury accident. Only one woman out of every eighty-six licensed was involved in an accident.

The outstanding fact is that automobiles are improperly operated. Exceeding the speed limit was the explanation of 67,080 accidents. Drivers on the wrong side of the road accounted for 62,560. Those who did not have the right-of-way accounted for the largest number, 119,330. Cutting in caused 35,540. Failing to signal accounted for 27,740. Driving off the road, way explained 60,630. Plain reckless driving added another 34,830.

Just one conclusion is possible. Needless, reckless, inconsiderate driving is taking this tragic toll of life and treasure.

The remedy is not, however, to be found in drastic statutes and regulations limiting speed. That experiment has been tried and it proved an utter failure.

What is practicable is the insistence by law and public opinion upon safe driving at all times and at all places. The man or woman who tends to drive in a way dangerous to pedestrians or other motorists should be denied a license, and if they have already received one, it should be withdrawn. Licenses must be taken from drunken drivers, incompetent drivers and reckless drivers.

Respect for the law and voluntary observation of the rules of safe driving are required. Motorists as a class may well organize for safety, and pedestrians should recognize the fact that, on our motor driven streets and highways, they take their lives in their hands when they disregard the regulations and bylaws enacted for their own safety.

The vast majority of cars are dependable today, but, like any piece of machinery, some part may weaken or get out of order. It is, therefore, the duty of the driver to have it checked over thoroughly and frequently. His own life, as well as the lives of others, may depend upon the precaution.

But, in the final analysis, and in an overwhelming majority of cases, it is the driver, not the condition of the car, who is responsible for accidents. It is the human element that counts; that is the vital factor in nearly all these tragedies. Law alone cannot control him, although it may punish him afterwards, providing he is alive to receive punishment. He must control himself.

Level Crossing Accidents

Quebec Man Demonstrates Devise To Overcome Danger

An automatic gate, the inventor of which claims it will prevent accidents at level crossings, was demonstrated to provincial road department officials at Quebec. The inventor is Maurice Hebert of Sherbrooke.

The gate is worked by electric contact, located several hundred feet from the crossing. The moment the forward wheels of the locomotive touch the point of contact, the gates begin to lower slowly, at the same time starting the ring of a bell. The bell continues to ring and the gate remains closed until the last wheel of the rear coach has passed the point of contact.

Cadmium and gold are combined to make certain green alloys for jewelry.

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Too "Worn-Out" to go

Another day broken... Couldn't stay on her feet a minute longer Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound gives her relief. Try it next morning.

Live Poultry Shipments

Policy Of Saskatchewan Department Of Agriculture Proves Success

According to Howard Cross, secretary and field service representative of the poultry division, Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture, the new policy introduced into Saskatchewan last year of loading live hens—in July and August—proved quite successful and satisfactory to the farmers.

"We loaded at 47 points in the province," he said, "and 15 cars were shipped out containing 55,000 birds. This year we expect to load 20 cars."

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Gray's Worm Expeller.

Apart From That

A dealer in South Germany has been arrested for selling cheese which was considered not fit for human consumption because—

(a) Rats had gnawed holes in it.
(b) Some of the holes had been filled with cement;
(c) It was rotten.

"Otherwise," says Reuter's Munich correspondent, "the cheese was all right."

Men have been making glass for about 5,000 years, but it is only in the past 25 years that machinery has been adapted to this ancient craft.

Russia Threatened

With Seed Shortage

Country Evidently Exported More Wheat Than Harvest Justified

During the past month interesting news has been forthcoming from Russia in connection with the difficulties that the Soviet authorities are experiencing as a result of poor harvests in some areas last year, suggesting that Russia has exported more wheat than was justified by the crop harvested in 1931. This information was contained in a statement issued by H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce.

In a cable received by the bureau early in March it was stated that at the end of 1931 there were 150,000 tractors in Russia, of which number 70 per cent. required repairs. Up to February 20, only 44.3 per cent. damaged tractors had been reconditioned. A further cable received on March 15, stated that up to March 1, 80 per cent. of the tractors needing repairs had been placed in operating condition.

MOURNING WARDROBE

"A death occurred in our family and I had to go to mourning. I could hardly afford to buy all black clothes, so I decided to dye what I had. I consulted our druggist and he advised using Diamond Dyes. Everything came out beautifully: coats, wool dresses, stockings and all. I have since learned to appreciate the excellence of the black Diamond Dyes. I tried another black dye and the results were impossible. I had to dye Diamond Dyes and do the work over. Recently I have stained my curtains and dyed a rug a lovely seafoam blue. They are real money savers—the finest dyes money can buy—I truly believe."

Mrs. G.K.L., Montreal.

France Hoarding Gold

Has Now Passed United States Volume Of Holdings In Bank

The Bank of France has now passed the Federal Reserve Bank of the United States in volume of gold holdings. The figures as at March 1 are as follows:

Bank of France... \$2,942,312,500

U. S. Reserve... 2,838,974,000

Bank of England... 990,250,000

The French holdings are the highest in history. It is noteworthy, however, that the United States Treasury also holds large stores of gold. In total figures, monetary gold holdings, the United States leads France by \$1,408,000,000. England also possesses large supplies of private gold reserves not shown in the figures.

Future Of New York

Wonderful Development Is Predicted Within Next Thirty Years

Twenty million inhabitants. A series of industrial and business centres connected by electric rapid transit so that workers can ride to any one without changing cars. Belt-line railways for passengers and freight; airports by the dozen; a vast system of motor highways, boulevards and parkways; more than 5,000 square miles in one gigantic city. That is the New York of 1965, visioned by "The Regional Plan of New York and Environs."

Powerful Medicine.—The healing properties in six essential oils are concentrated in every bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, form one of the most beneficial liniments ever offered to the use of man. Many can testify as to its power in alleviating pain, and many more can certify that they owe their health to it. Its wonderful power is not expressed by the small price at which it sells.

Travellers Entertained

Passengers who miss their trains or have long waits at the St. Lazare Station, Paris, will shortly be able to enjoy a thirty-minute film show while waiting. The cinema, which will hold 250 people, will give a continuous performance from 9 a.m. till midnight.

Ancient cloisters, or parts of them, are still to be found in many parts of London; they are reminders of the days when the city boasted spacious monastic establishments.



W. N. U. 1935

Rheumatism So Bad He Had to Quit Work

Albert Berger Not Bothered Since Relieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Working Every Day Now.

"I was terribly bothered with a weak back and rheumatism in my shoulders," writes Albert Berger, Wingham, Ont. "It got so bad I had to stop work and stay in my house. I was two weeks in bed, when a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I gave the Pills a fair trial, and they relieved me right away. My back is good and strong now, and I am working every day. I have never been bothered with rheumatism since. I recommend them for anyone suffering from Rheumatism, Lame Back, Sciatica, Rheumatoid and kindred ailments. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in place of the color of new red blood cells, which is the reason they are so successful in combating such troubles. Equally good for all run-down or nervously excited people. Try them. At your druggist's. 50c. 20."

Ask Rate Adjustment

Want Fair Rate Basis On Shipments Going To China

Adoption of the distribution or town tariff freight rate basis for Churchill cargoes is sought by the Saskatchewan Board of Trade.

Opposition to the Fort William terminal basis for incoming and outgoing shipments by the Hudson Bay route was voiced at the quarterly meeting of the board.

The Fort William rate would enforce a rate for distributing centres based on 85 per cent. of the standard mileage in place of a rate fixed on the mileage less an arbitrary deduction of 130 miles no matter the distance from the terminal. The Board of Trade claims that this latter basis is unfair in that it gives a decided advantage to points near the terminals.

Time For Private

Members Is Limited

Allowed One Hour In Evening Twice A Week

Time allotted to private members in the House of Commons will be restricted by the government. The government gave notice that after March 21, government business will take precedence on that day until the end of the session. A resolution taken Wednesday for governmental business has been approved by the House. When Monday was also taken over for government business, the only time remaining for private members will be one hour in the evenings on two nights a week.

Persian Balm—alluring, provocative and charming. Fragrant and refreshing as a cool breeze in summer. Deodorant and restful. Contains combinations of surprising loveliness. Makes the skin velvety soft in texture. Softens and dispels all irritations caused by weather conditions. Softens and whitens the hands. Persian Balm is a well-told regularly in the House. When Monday was also taken over for government business, the only time remaining for private members will be one hour in the evenings on two nights a week.

Significance Of Trifles

Genius In Business Watches The Little Things

The post office spends hundreds of pounds every year because most people spoil two or three forms in sending one telegram. The color of the eggshell may make the difference between profit and loss on a poultry farm, so poultry farmers are now coloring the shells.

An English fair for a century sold squares of colored cotton which were used as a head-dress by women in Eastern Europe until a German discovered that the woman preferred oblong pieces to squares. The German made oblongs and England lost the market.

The man of genius in business is the man with an eye for the little things.—London Sunday Express.

Something Wrong Somewhere

Should Be Plenty Of Work For Everybody Unemployed

As long as men and women and children are starving for hunger, over-production of food is a myth. As long as millions are going insufficiently clad, over-production of clothing is a myth. As long as everybody is wanting something not to be had, there is plenty of work for everybody unemployed, if we direct activity into the proper channels. We are not as clever as we thought we were, but just as dumb and conceited about it. We must learn to drop our fallacies. That is the business of the rising generation.—Hamilton Herald.

A transparent adhesive tape that requires no mauling has been produced from cellophane.

Truth may be embarrassing at the time it is uttered. It is the lie that rises up to give trouble later.

Tinting the Highways

California Would Like Tan Cement For Roads and Pavements

San-kist California wants her sun tan recognized as a sort of trade mark. Down there they want all roads and pavements colored in modernistic tones but rather lean to sun tans. They have discovered an apt process which will make the tinting of sidewalks and highways that color without the least additional cost. The city reports that a far western cement manufacturing concern has found a way to produce a tan-toned cement, without the addition of any coloring material, merely by a special burning process. San Francisco also finds the public awake to the desirability of having other colors than the familiar whitish gray of the ordinary cement mixtures in the construction of pavements. So if they can burn a tan cement maybe the chemists will find a means also of turning out a self-coloring blue, green or even pink. The far western concern's officers have declared their intention to be the finest feel improvement in the basic color of Portland cement introduced in 108 years.—Brandon Sun.

Seeks Damages

Action Commenced On Account Of Death Of Seaman On Submarine "Nautilus"

Suit for \$100,000 damages was begun recently against the Trans-Atlantic Submarine Expedition Company of Delaware, which financed the expedition toward the North Pole led by Sir Hubert Wilkins.

The action is brought by the administrator of the estate of William J. Grimmer, seaman, who was swept from the submarine "Nautilus" by high seas and drowned last March 21. The complaint alleges the life-line was not equipped with secure fastenings and negligence of those in charge of operations led to Grimmer's death.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment makes the finest blister known. Is valuable for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, natural and healthy condition. Hair comes back. No scar remains.

New Zealand Leads

The tendency to live in over-heated rooms is cited as one reason for Canada's high infant mortality rate, in a statement issued by the Canadian Council for Child and Family Welfare. New Zealand's low mortality rate—lowest in the world—is attributed to lack of crowding, equable climate and "the lesser distances." "There is little or no real poverty there," the report adds.

To admit as much light as possible, a steel-frame house recently built in Paris is composed entirely of glass, transparent everywhere save in the bathroom.

Oké—Would you be happy if you had all the money you wanted? Owens—I'd be happy if I had all the money my creditors wanted.

Gold produced in Alaska during 1931 was valued at \$9,342,000, an increase of about a million dollars over the previous year's production.

France has 10,000 more railway employees than in 1913.

Baby's Colds

Checked without Dosing

Applied externally, Vicks relieves without upsetting delicate stomachs.

VICKS VAPORUB

FOR COLDS OF ALL THE FAMILY

Resents Importation Of Soviet Timber

May Bar B.C. Lumber From British Market Says London Times

The approximate cost of the huge timber contract completed between British importers and Soviet Russia exporters is placed at \$4,500,000 by the Times.

The schedule of prices for the timber, amounting to 450,000 standards and to be delivered this year, provides that if market prices of similar grades of wood from Sweden or Finland falls, appropriate adjustments up to a limit of 12 per stand—made in the schedule of Russian prices.

The contract is said to provide for the purchase of one-quarter of the entire supply of softwoods needed by Great Britain from Russia, the normal annual import being 1,600,000 standards. The timber trade declares this bulk buying is beneficial in preventing fluctuations in price and "dumping."

In a leading editorial the Times said a disagreeable impression would be produced by the announcement of the contract. "Conditions under which much Russian timber is cut and transported are such that its importation should be prohibited altogether, and there will be natural resentment that a contract on this huge scale has been concluded," the Times said.

"Among other effects it will help to shut British Columbia timber out of the British market."

During the last five years, the Times pointed out, Britain imported \$135,000,000 worth of goods from Russia and exported only \$25,000,000 worth of goods to that country. Moreover while cash was paid for the British purchases, almost all the goods sold to Russia were on a credit basis, the sum of money being accumulated in Russia being used by the Soviet to buy equipment for its five-year-plan from Germany and the United States, and to finance subversive agitation in Great Britain, India, China and elsewhere.

Cora: Would you marry a man for his money?

Dora: Not exactly. But I'd want my husband to have a lovely disposition, and if he didn't have money he'd very likely be worried and ill-natured.

For hunters and campers a collapsible drinking cup weighing less than two ounces has been designed carrying a compass and mirror on its bottom and a magnifying glass in its cover.

France has 10,000 more railway employees than in 1913.



"SICK HEADACHE?"

It is not necessary to give in to headaches. It is just a bit old-fashioned! The modern woman who gets a headache coming on at any time, takes some tablets of Aspirin and heads it off.

Keep Aspirin handy, and keep your ailments from becoming chronic. Aspirin does so much for you that you'll only remember this handy, harmless form of relief. Carry it in your purse and insure your comfort while shopping; your evening's peace of mind. Those little nagging aches that bring a case of "nerves" by day are ended in a jiffy. Pains that once kept people home are forgotten half an hour after taking Aspirin! You'll find these tablets always help. In every

package of Aspirin tablets are proven directions which cover colic, headaches, sore throat, toothache, neuralgia, neuritis, sciatica, and even rheumatism.

Those stamped Bayer won't fail you, and can't harm you. They don't depress the heart. They don't upset the stomach. They take them whenever you need them, and take enough to end the pain. Aspirin is made in Canada.



Increased Population For Canada Will Be Necessary Soon To Help Liquidate National Obligations

To those who think superficially, it may seem out of place, in the presence of considerable unemployment throughout the Dominion, to talk of plans for increasing the population of the country by means of selected immigration. Nothing is clearer, however, than the fact that Canada, with its immense area and vast vacant spaces, cannot hope to pay its way or to carry its immense established overhead without more shoulders upon which to place the burden. The Dominion has a financial, industrial and railway plant which equips it to take for twenty or twenty-five million people, instead of only ten million as at present.

If we could secure additional population by gradual means and establish it on a sound economic basis, our national troubles would disappear. A public debt of \$2,300,000,000, a huge railway debt and the existing load of provincial and municipal debts would no longer be beyond our capacity. With several million people we could pay the interest easily and gradually liquidate the principal. The railways would have more people and goods to carry, their deficits would be turned into surpluses, and our industries would have larger domestic markets for their products. Our paper and pulp mill establishments would no longer be too large for the country. It is quite clear that Canada's greatest need is more people for its production, more farmers to till its unoccupied lands, more producers and more consumers of all kinds.

The inauguration of an adequate immigration policy must, of course, await the return of normal world conditions, so that there will be adequate markets abroad for our products, and particularly for the primary products of farm, land, forest and fishery. If the Imperial Conference, to be held at Ottawa next July, proves the success that is anticipated its decisions will in time go far to supply such markets. In any event we are glad to note that, in the words of Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions in the British Parliament, the question of intra-Empire migration is to form one of the important subjects of discussion at Ottawa.

There is reason for satisfaction that the Canadian Government takes the same view, for, as Hon. W. A. Gordon, Acting Minister of Immigration, said at Ottawa recently, "Whether we like it or not, we must get over to the positive side of immigration because we must have more people if we hope to pay off a debt with which ten million people are loaded at present by reason of the railway problem on our hands." Another important consideration is the need of bringing in more British people of the right kind to strengthen and stabilize the Anglo-Saxon elements in our population and to buttress the British sentiments of the country.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

The Whole Truth

A cinema actor suing for a breach of contract described himself as the greatest actor in the world. One of his friends took him to task for so loudly singing his own praises. "I know," replied the actor, "it must have sounded somewhat conceited, but remember I was on oath."

Right Up-To-Date

Bobby (short of money).—"I say, dad, have you any work you'd like me to do?"
Father (taken by surprise).—"Why no—but—er—"
Bobby.—"Then would you like to put me on the dole?"

Business is like a wheel barrow. It stands still unless somebody pushes it.

Life is worth living better than most men live it.



"What has he done?"

"He attempted to strike me."
"Then what is he charged with?"
"Attempted suicide." — Genuine Schach, Leipzig.

W. N. U. 1945

Not As Pictured

Members Of British House Of Lords Are Sturdy Patriots

The Prince of Wales has unveiled a Memorial in the Royal Gallery of the House of Lords to 245 peers who lost their lives in the World War. These figures are startling. They represent fully one-third of the total membership. Just think what one community would have sacrificed were 245 out of 740 male members of the population to be killed or die of wounds.

Prior to the war the Lords were in disfavor with a large section of the British people. Mr. Lloyd George had worked up a terrific agitation against them. He virtually pictured them as a lot of blood-suckers living on the people and grinding the masses down in poverty.

But in fact the peers were, and are, about the sturdiest patriots in the British constitution. By their hereditary rights of rulership, public service is one of the first things they think of. Their sons officer the army and the navy. There is scarcely any other occupation for a peer's son. They enter the services as a matter of course. And when the time comes the officers are right in the thick of things.

Much of Britain's finest blood, peers and the sons of peers, the latter running into thousands, is spilled in defense of Britain whenever and wherever the army or navy are engaged.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



BY Annette



MANY A LITTLE GIRL SIGHS FOR A BOLEERO DRESS SUCH AS DEBUTANTE SISTER WEARS

Today's model is quite the easiest thing in the world to fashion. The caped collar gives it a smart difference, and is so girlish and pretty. You'll like the rather straight tailored appearance of the skirt. Inverted plaits at the front, provide ample flare.

Deep blue sheer checked woolen made the skirt and bolero jacket. Then there's the delicious blouse of fresh linen in orange-red shade. The tie of crepe de chine tones with the blue.

Or perhaps you don't care about woolen? You prefer daughter in wash frocks. Why then the entire dress may be made of linen in lovely new pink shade with white or in French blue with white.

Style No. 557 is designed for sizes 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 8 requires 1 1/2 yards of 36-inch material for bolero and skirt with 1/2 yard of 36-inch material for waist.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Weep coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Place Families On Farms

Plan To Move Destitute Residents From Cities To Farms In Saskatchewan

Depending on agreement with the Federal Government, the provincial government, in conjunction with the three larger cities, in Saskatchewan, will place 1,500 families on farms in northern Saskatchewan, and there is the possibility that this scheme will extend to take in 2,000 families throughout the province. The present plan is that the provincial government find the land under its land settlement scheme and the provincial federal and municipal governments each bear a third of the cost of equipping the families to take up their farm duties.

It is understood that each family will be given stock and equipment up to a value of \$300, that suitable land will be found for them, buildings erected from timber drawn from land or adjacent territory and that the farms will be under the supervision of an inspector of the natural resources department. The scheme is understood to have been advanced by deputations from Moose Jaw, Saskatoon and Regina, and to have been favorably received by the cabinet.

It is understood there are 500 destitute families in Regina, 400 in Saskatoon and 300 in Moose Jaw, all reported to be ready to take up farming under this scheme.

The Field Force Counts

Attention Is Called To An Important Phase Of Honey Production

C. B. Gooderham, Dominion Applanist for the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, calls attention to an important phase of honey production in the following statement: "The amount of honey which a colony can gather is largely dependent upon the number of bees that colony can release for field work during the period of honey flow and upon the ability of the beekeeper to keep this force contentedly working. The total number of bees within the colony is not a reliable index as to its ability to gather honey, because it is only those bees that are above a definite age that are effective as nectar gatherers and it is the number of bees in this force that counts in the production of surplus honey and furthermore, the strength of this force is dependent upon the care given the colony during the previous eleven months and not upon spring management alone as so many beekeepers fondly hope."

Color Attracts Butterflies

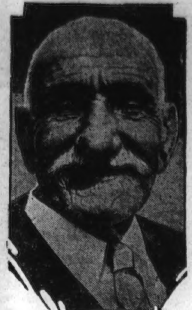
Tests Show Green Was Not At All Popular

It is the color, and not the odor, of flowers that attracts butterflies, says Popular Mechanic Magazine. This was proved in tests in Germany where paper flowers were scattered in a garden with blooming ones. It was found that the insects settled indiscriminately on both kinds to seek food. The experiment further revealed that different species displayed preferences for special colors, some yellow and blue, others blue and purple, but none of them was attracted by green.

By projecting a stream of hot air several feet in front of his car by means of a unique blower, an Englishman hopes to banish the danger of driving an automobile in foggy weather.

So sensitive is nitrogen iodine, one of the world's most "touchy" explosives, that it will "go off" when touched by a feather.

THE OLDEST MAN



Claiming to be 158 and therefore the oldest man in the world, Zaro Agha (above), is near death in London. The aged Turk toured this continent last year when this picture was made.

The Cutworm Threat

Warning Issued To Avoid Potential Losses From Pest This Year

With a view to enabling farmers in Saskatchewan and Alberta to avoid or reduce potential losses from cutworm damage this year, Arthur Gibson, Dominion entomologist, has issued a special notice in which particular attention is called to the fact that in those areas in which severe losses on account of damage by the pale western cutworm were caused in 1931 even greater losses may be expected in 1932, providing weather conditions are average, and that even a very wet spring will only partially check the immediate ravages.

Any fields which were undisturbed so that the soil surface was crusted or crusted from August 1 to September 15 in 1931, should be reasonably free from cutworms this year, and reseeded fields which were cut after September 15 in 1931, should be considered as safe if undisturbed during August.

In any case where there is doubt as to a field being free of cutworms a test should be made seeding an indicator strip of wheat diagonally across the field. This indicator strip should be seeded as early as it is possible to get a drill on the land and long before regular seeding starts. One strip wide is sufficient, and such a diagonal strip will give a fair example of the condition of the field, as weather conditions which will bring this grain to a height of about five inches will also hatch many of the eggs.

If on examination from 10 to 15 plants per square yard show injury the field should not be seeded. Under normal conditions this strip will show whether or not cutworms are present by the end of the first week of May, or earlier, and seeding operations should be governed accordingly. No field should be reseeded to any crop, especially fax, where cutworm damage is evident so long as there are cutworms present and active.

Detailed information as to the cutworm situation and its control can be secured by writing to the Dominion entomological laboratories at Trebban, Manitoba, Indian Head and Assiniboia in Saskatchewan; Lethbridge or Morris in Alberta, or to the provincial departments of Agriculture at Regina or Edmonton.

One way to keep a body from becoming a busybody is to keep a body busy.

A SOLDIER-PRESIDENT ON PARADE



Attired in the full dress uniform of his rank as Field Marshal, President von Hindenburg of Germany recalls the war days of 1914-18 when he was leading his country in the most disastrous war in history. The 84-year-old soldier-President is shown as he reviewed the Guards Regiment of Berlin on the Moabit Field. Next to von Hindenburg is Oberst von Tiedemann, commander of the regiment, while at the extreme left is General von Hammerstein, Commander-in-Chief of the German Army.

Radial Rings On Tree Trunks Reveal Age And History Of Dry Seasons Of The Past

Wheat Not Included

In Germany's Super Tariff Against Goods From Canada

The Reichsanzeiger, official gazette of the German Government, publishes a decree authorizing the finance minister to impose the so-called super-tariff against goods from Canada, increasing existing duties 100 per cent as from April 1.

Goods specifically mentioned in the decree were: Fresh, dried and tinned fruits, fish, lobsters, oysters, turtles, flour, butter, paper, cardboard, aluminum, shoes, certain kinds of machinery. Canadian wheat was not included in the list.

The decree provided that the duties can be suspended for six months, providing Canada at once enters into negotiations with Germany for the conclusion of a commercial treaty. Germany is one of the few countries in central Europe with which Canada has never concluded a commercial treaty. Canada has had commercial treaties with France, Belgium, Holland, Spain, Czechoslovakia, Finland, Hungary, Estonia, the Serb, Croat and Slovene Kingdom, Roumania and Lithuania.

Canadian Humor

Type By Itself And Is Essentially Good-Natured

Canadian humor as a type differs from American and English alike, writes Lionel Stevenson in "Appraisals of Canadian Literature." There is not the characteristic exaggeration of the one, nor the characteristic restraint of the other. There is a closer affinity, perhaps, with the Scottish type, as exemplified by Burns, with his whimsicality and sympathetic indulgence, but the Canadian style is more downright, and deals more with action, less with character. It is a hearty sense of fun, arising from genuine joy of life, including an eye for the absurd which is latent in the commonplace. It is essentially good-natured. Steering a perilous course between crudity and sentimentality, it usually contrives to avoid both, by sheer force of simple, sunny cheerfulness.

Beans Make Good Crop

Interest In Growing Beans In Western Canada Is Increasing

The Dominion Experimental Station at Lethbridge, Alberta, reports a decided increase in interest in the growing of field beans in western Canada, particularly in irrigated areas. Heretofore practically all the beans used in cities and towns of western Canada have been imported from Japan, the United States and Eastern Canada. A point like Lethbridge, for example, uses about six carloads of 30,000 pounds each annually. Beans require a long season to mature and should be planted sufficiently early to ensure against loss from fall frosts. The small white varieties are best suited to market demand, and it is also pointed out that too rich land, too heavy irrigation, too thin seeding, and too wide spacing of rows all tend to prolong the period of growth.

Montreal Boulevard, which may be constructed from one end to the other of Island of Montreal, in Quebec, may cost as high as \$12,504,000.

Students of arboriculture of late years in the west have taken seriously to the observation of the growth of trees, since there appears to be positive proof that tree growth depends on the annual precipitation.

Experts in the study of trees can tell by the number of radial rings the age of the tree. Once that part of the science was established, observation was directed to the width of the rings marking each year's growth.

In some large trees where the rings were well defined, it was observed that growth was not the same every year, and it was finally agreed by students that there was a reason for some rings being wider than others. This reason is given as either lack of, or sufficient moisture.

First the observations were made on trees growing in depressions where sufficient moisture was available all through the growing period. It was found that rings in such trees were almost uniform, and as the tree aged in years, the rings became perceptibly smaller.

This established the principle that old trees do not respond in the same manner to nutrition and moisture as do young trees.

The same uplands where drought would affect them were then studied. It was found that during the periods of drought the rings were less in width than the rings during the years of plenty of moisture. Thus students were able to reconstruct a record in the country without having any prior meteorological records.

In the observations made by L. B. Powell, formerly of Weyburn, and now of Regina, sections of trees were found in several parts of Saskatchewan, where the years 1794, 1798, 1800, 1820 and 1931 were plainly shown as dry years. White spruce, ash, elm, and poplar cross sections clearly indicate this.

Such progress has been made in the study of the trees that the age of trees cut down hundreds, even thousands of years ago, can be told from the timber.

One expert in this science, A. E. Douglas, of Tucson, Arizona, was able by referring to his chart on trees, to take timber from the abandoned cliff dwellings in New Mexico and tell the years in which these timbers were cut thousands of years ago. Last year he received a prize of \$2,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation for his research work and his contribution to the science of arboriculture.

There are of course other agencies that must be taken into consideration in measuring the growth of trees. There is sunshine, shade, climatic conditions such as extreme cold and scorching heat. All these have some effect on the growing trees in certain sections of the country.

One peculiar condition exists in British Columbia. There the width of the rings of the trees are almost always uniform, showing that plenty of moisture and an equable climate governs the growth of the trees. There also older trees show that as age comes on, the rings grow less in width.—Regina Leader.

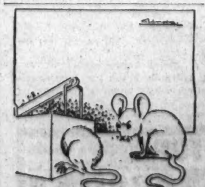
New Diving Apparatus

A deep-sea diving apparatus, which will allow exploration and work at depths of 10,000 feet and more, has been invented in Germany. The contrivance is shaped like an egg and its metal shell is made to resist enormous water pressure by automatically adjusting the interior air pressure through the vaporization of liquid air.

Cold Storage For Apples

The Vancouver Harbor Board still has under advisement plans for the construction of a cool room at one of the board's piers with a capacity of 100,000 boxes of apples, designed principally to facilitate the handling of the export apple crop from the Okanagan.

Glasgow, Scotland, police are warning on shoplifters.



"The greedy fellow. I have been here for an hour and he won't allow me to look in!"—Buen Humor, Madrid.

MUST ADHERE TO TERMS OF THE IRISH TREATY

London, England.—Great Britain's official reply to communication from the Irish Free State Government of Eamon de Valera, giving notice that the Free State intended abolishing the oath of allegiance to the British Crown, was forwarded to Dublin, Ireland.

The reply lays down the principle that the oath of allegiance is an integral part of the Anglo-Irish treaty under which the Free State was constituted ten years ago.

The communication from the Free State failed to mention the question of land annuities, it was disclosed, but on this point the British view was made clear in a speech in the House of Commons by J. H. Thomas, secretary for the Dominions, in which he said the Free State Government is "bound by law and honor" to continue payment of the annuities to the British treasury.

Mr. de Valera has been quoted several times as saying he and his government intended to withhold payment of the annuities, amounting to \$3,000,000 and arising out of loans to Irish tenants enabling them to obtain freehold of their lands prior to the formation of the Free State. Thus on both points, the two governments have taken opposite views. The next move lies with Mr. de Valera's government.

Meanwhile both the Irish and the British senate have risen for the Easter recess. The bill will not resume sessions until April 20. The senate has adjourned indefinitely. If, therefore, Mr. de Valera intends to go ahead earlier with a bill abolishing the oath of allegiance, the bill will have to be summoned specially.

A further point arises whether a national referendum would not also be necessary, if Mr. de Valera intends to proceed by way of constitutional amendment. Article 50 of the Irish Free State constitution recognizes the right of the electorate (Free State Parliament) to amend the constitution "within the terms of the scheduled treaty" but no such amendment, if passed eight years after the coming into effect of the constitution, may become law unless approved by a referendum of the people.

As Mr. Thomas spoke in the House of Commons Wednesday, March 22, he undoubtedly had the support of an overwhelming majority of the members.

At the same time possibility of negotiation has not been ruled out. In this connection likelihood of reference of the dispute to the Empire tribunal created by the last Imperial conference was widely discussed.

The tribunal, the specific purpose of which is solution of disputes between members of the British commonwealth of nations, proceeds by voluntary arbitration on an ad hoc basis. It consists of the members, four of whom are chosen by parties to the dispute. These four elect a chairman, whose selection is limited among citizens of the British commonwealth.

The present dispute, if referred to the tribunal, would be its first case.

No Irregularities

St. John's, Nfld.—As a result of his investigation into charges made by Hon. Peter Cashin that Premier Sir Richard Squires had falsified minutes of council to facilitate manipulations of public funds, His Excellency Sir John Middleton found "no discrepancy, no falsification and no irregularity." The governor's report was read in the House of Assembly.

Would Legalize Lotteries

London, Eng.—Leave to introduce a bill for the legalizing of lotteries for charitable, scientific and athletic purposes, or for any public improvement, was granted in the House of Commons to Sir William Davidson, Conservative member, by a vote of 176 to 123.

To Build Fast Boat

New York, N.Y.—A water speed of 120 miles an hour, perhaps more, was forecast by Gar Wood, Detroit speed boat manufacturer and pilot, in announcing construction of a new Miss America to defend the Harmsworth International trophy this summer on the Detroit River.

To Study Wheat Rust

Ottawa, Ont.—The annual meeting of the National Research Council's Committee on field crop diseases will be held in Winnipeg, April 14 and 15, it was announced here. The committee is interested primarily in the control of wheat rust.

W. N. U. 1935

Would Form Central Bureau

Ottawa, Ont.—Formation of a central bureau, established and supported by the authority of provincial statutes, to which all insurance companies carrying out business in the several provinces would be required to submit returns and demonstrate their solvency, was suggested in the legislature by Hon. W. H. Price, Attorney-General, in introducing his insurance bill.

It is a bill similar to those passed by Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, and is practically a warning to the Dominion government to keep hands off insurance companies.

With establishment of a central bureau, reports would be submitted to the provincial insurance departments for their guidance in the issuance of renewal licenses to transact business, he thought.

The bill submitted by Mr. Price is intended to permit the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council to pass regulations governing insurance, pending the settlement of a constitutional issue with the Federal Government.

Alberta Land Settlement

Government Ready To Assist In Placing Unemployed On Farms
Edmonton, Alberta.—The Alberta Government is ready to join in a sound proposal for the placing of unemployed on farms, and soon after prorogation of the Alberta legislature steps along this line likely will be taken.

The announcement was made in the Alberta Legislature by Premier J. E. Brownlee in answer to a question from Hector Lang, Liberal, Medicine Hat, who asked what progress was being made in land settlement endeavors to aid jobs.

Premier Brownlee stated the government had not yet heard to what extent the Dominion Government was prepared to go in support of land settlement by unemployed, nor what proportion of the cost the federal administration would bear.

Manitoba and Saskatchewan were also interested in the scheme, said the premier, and it was hoped a definite agreement would be effected shortly after the close of the present session.

Bisley Shoot In July

No Reduction In Prize List Unless Absolutely Necessary

London, Eng.—The meeting of the National Rifle Association at Bisley Camp, which annually brings the crack riflemen of the Empire to England, is fixed for July 4 to July 19 next at a meeting of the N.R.A. Council.

Colonel Lord Cortesole, chairman, presiding at the meeting, said that owing to shrinkage in funds available for the king's trophy and Imperial challenge shoots competition, it had been found necessary to discontinue some of the replicas and ammunition grants, to raise the standard for honor medals and to reduce them in weight.

The council had no intention of reducing the prize list for the great Empire meeting at Bisley this coming summer unless it was absolutely compulsory, he added.

Rescue At Sea

Fishermen Saved After Drifting In Small Boat For Eight Days

Miami, Fla.—Eight days drifting far at sea in a small and crippled fishing boat, food gone, throats parched for lack of water—and then when hope had all but fled, a rag soaked in gasoline and ignited by sparks from a storage battery brought rescue.

These were the experiences related here by Frank Oxenfelt and his negro companion, George Maxey. They were enroute to Miami by a coastguard cutter which transferred them from the rescue ship "Cuyampa," of the United Fruit Company.

They were fishing near Fowey Rock March 12, and the crankshaft of their motor broke. The boat began drifting and soon thereafter sprang leaks. It was kept afloat by uncasing work at the pumps.

C.N.R. Steamship Service

Montreal, Que.—The services to Australia and New Zealand by the Canadian National steamships freight services will be separated during the spring and summer of 1935, to provide a monthly service to and from each country, the company has announced. More frequent departures for the West Indies are also announced. Provision is made for a fortnightly service of a monthly service between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, it was stated.

Back To the Land

Many Inquiries Received Regarding Saskatchewan Plan In Saskatchewan
Saskatoon, Sask.—Dozens of inquiries with respect to the proposed provincial land settlement scheme whereby unemployed would be placed on farms have been received by Mayor J. E. Underwood in the last few days.

"The majority who are enquiring appear to be of the type who would most likely make good under such a scheme," declared the mayor when interviewed. "Many have had farm experience."

Council will not likely take any definite action with respect to the settlement proposal until after a report setting out details of the scheme, has been received from Premier J. T. M. Anderson.

Under the suggested arrangement the city would be required to contribute \$100 to each new settler sent from such municipality, the provincial authorities providing an additional \$200.

Sailors Quell Riot

Beat Crew From Canadian Destroyer "Champlain," Preserves Order In Trinidad

Port of Spain, Trinidad.—A boat crew from the Canadian destroyer "Champlain" landed in the harbor here and quelled a rioting between sailors from the Danish motorship "Stensby" and Trinidad stevedores.

About 35 stevedores were landing sugar into the holds of the "Stensby" when a dispute arose over the distribution of ship bread among them. Immediately fighting broke out between members of the vessel's crew and the resentful stevedores. Two stevedores were seriously wounded and there was much bloodshed.

DEBT HARASSED FARMERS TO HAVE ASSISTANCE

Winnipeg, Man.—Inquiry into different forms of debt adjustment to enable debt-harassed farmers to remain on their lands will be made by the agriculture committee of the Manitoba Legislature. This was decided when the legislature passed a resolution ordering the investigation. Farmers, creditors, economists, agricultural professors will be asked to appear before the committee.

Two bills relating to debt adjustment are before the legislature, sponsored by W. J. Major, Attorney-General. One of them would enable a debtor threatened with garnishment or seizure to file a statement of his debts with the county court. The clerk of the court would be empowered to take all circumstances into consideration and specify the amount the debtor should pay into court monthly to be advanced to his creditors. The bill applies to cases where total debts do not exceed \$800.

Another bill to amend the Debt Adjustment act applies to persons who have been engaged in farming and have been forced to retire after renting their farms. The debt adjustment commissioner would be authorized to issue certificates to prevent seizure in cases where such people are entirely dependent on revenue from their land.

THE MOTHERLAND'S CHOICE FOR THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE



Above are the six members of the British Government who will represent the Motherland at the Imperial Economic Conference which takes place at Ottawa on July 18. They are, top left to right: Right Hon. Stanley Baldwin, who will head the delegation, and Right Hon. Neville Chamberlain, British Chancellor of the Exchequer. Below, left to right: Lord Hailsham, Sir Walter Runciman, Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, and Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lisler, President of the British Board of Trade.

DISCUSSES WAR DEBTS



DAVID LLOYD GEORGE
In a bridging book, "The Truth About Reparations and War Debts," the wartime premier considers that Great Britain has been generous, but that France and the United States have not played the game with war debts and reparations.

Further Hardships For Chinese People

Famine and Epidemic Of Smallpox Add To Distress
Shanghai, China.—Disease and famine are placing further hardships on the people of China.

As a result of the crowding of refugees during the hostilities at Shanghai an epidemic of smallpox is now sweeping the Orient, according to Dr. Wu Lein-Teh, director of the Chinese maritime quarantine service. Sir John Hope-Simpson, British director of the China Famine Commission, said at the same time famine conditions had again reached such a pass in some parts of the country that the people were eating the bark of trees, the chaff of threshed grain, and weeds, in order to ward off starvation.

All steamers entering and departing from Shanghai now are required to take special precautions. One of its victims in recent days was E. Koeck Lin, French Consul-General. Foreigners are particularly susceptible to the form of smallpox now prevalent.

Miraculous Escapes

Fate Played Weird Role In Saving Lives Of Street Car Operators
Calgary, Alberta.—Fate has played its weird role in the form of a ticket package and a steel badge in saving the lives of two Calgary street car operators.

A year ago a bandit shot at John Macdonald in an attempted holdup of a street car. The bullet hit the conductor's steel badge on the front of his cap, preventing a fatal head wound.

Recently a gunman's bullet struck Samuel Emery in the chest during an attempted street car robbery. The bullet lodged in the abdomen after it had been deflected from its course into the man's chest by striking a ticket package in his breast pocket.

Granted An Audience

London, England.—His Majesty granted an audience at Buckingham Palace to Sir George Perley, Minister without portfolio in the Canadian government and leader of the Canadian delegation to the world disarmament conference at Geneva.

Dr. Tory To Give Evidence

President Of Research Council To Be Called As Witness

Ottawa, Ont.—Dr. H. M. Tory, president of the National Research Council, will be called as a witness by the House of Commons committee on civil service, it was decided. Chairman J. Earl Lawson (Cons., York West) took a letter from Dr. Tory, who took exception to some statements made before the committee by officers of the civil service commission, one of whom, Commissioner Newton M. MacTavish, had suggested that the research council should come under the civil service commission.

Dr. Tory declared that, contrary to expressed opinions before the committee, the administrative offices of the research council received salaries in many cases lower than those paid employees in similar classes of work in the civil service. The professional workers were paid in accordance with the recommendation of the Healy Commission report of 1930. Appointments were not made by Dr. Tory personally, the letter stated, but by the research council as a whole, and professional appointments were made only after their qualifications had been examined by the highest authorities.

Storm Sweeps Southern States

Two Hundred and Seventy-Five People Lose Lives In Hurricane

Birmingham, Ala.—Two hundred and seventy-five persons were killed, hundreds of others injured and made homeless, and unestimated damage wrought by a series of tornadoes that dipped into five southern states. Alabama bore the brunt of the storm, one of the south's major disasters. Here 220 persons lost their lives when the howling winds blew down their homes in two score communities.

Thirty-four were killed in Georgia, 17 in Tennessee, two in Kentucky and two in South Carolina.

Paid Visit To Siam

Mr. and Mrs. Butchart, Of Sunkin Gardens Here, Entertained By Siamese Rulers

Victoria, B.C.—Mr. and Mrs. Butchart, whose sunken gardens at Benvenuto, near here, are famous, returned home from Siam. They were guests last month of King Prajadolok, and Queen Rambai Barni in Bangkok and have come back greatly impressed with the hospitality of the Siamese people. State functions were held in their homes. The visit to Siam was made at the invitation of the Siamese rulers who last October were entertained at Benvenuto.

SAYS DOMINION HAS UNLIMITED GASOLINE SUPPLY

Ottawa, Ont.—Attention of the committee of the House of Commons investigating the alleged high prices of gasoline in Canada was called to the presence along the Athabasca River, north of Edmonton, of large deposits of tar sands which A. U. G. Bury (Cons., Edmonton East), declared contained "sufficient gasoline to supply the needs of the whole world for hundreds of years."

In suggesting the committee investigate, Mr. Bury advised hearing Dr. S. C. Ellis, Department of Mines, who had found that it would be possible to process the deposits so as to produce gasoline at a commercial rate.

R. C. Matthews (Cons., Toronto East Centre), chairman, ruled it was outside of the jurisdiction of the committee. H. E. Spencer (U.F.A., Battle River), felt any means of obtaining gasoline from Canada would certainly justify the committee's inquiry. C. J. Bothwell (Liberal, Swift Current), suggested "the committee has got a great deal on its hands now. Suppose we wait until we have concluded examination of the oil companies and then look into the possibility of our investigating the scheme." The committee agreed.

John McNeil, director of sales, employee of Imperial Oil for 28 years, was called to testify as to the cost of distribution of products throughout Canada. Fundamental difference in gasoline prices was caused by varying freight charges: Hamilton was the lowest rate "zone" in Canada, and prices elsewhere in Canada would be higher, depending on the increased freight paid from the oil fields in the southern states.

SAYS WATERWAY SHOULD BE BUILT BY THE DOMINION

Toronto, Ont.—R. J. Cromie, publisher of the Vancouver Sun, is in favor of the St. Lawrence waterway, but only if built and owned by Canada. In a published statement here he says: "May I ask the question of eastern Canadians, are you satisfied to allow the United States to come with their American money and build a water highway through Canada? Those who are not satisfied, it seems to me, should get busy at Ottawa before it is too late."

"An incident happened last week that will bear repeating because it brought home to me as it will bring home to many others just what we Canadians are going to be up against when we part with our Canadian money to build a waterway and allow them to come into Canada and spend their money."

"Speaking with an American friend in Montreal the other day, he sympathized with me for the financial conditions in Canada as reflected by the discount of the Canadian dollar. He then spoke of the waterways treaty being prepared by Washington and Ottawa and of the \$150,000,000 of states going to spend on building a canal through Canada. Uncle Sam had to put up the long end of the money, etc., etc." This innocent casual conversation started me thinking.

"The St. Lawrence waterway is a project that I have always been glad to support. It will mean ocean transportation to Canadians and Americans, to people who live in Toronto, Chicago, and the Great Lakes territory."

"If there is any way possible in which Canada can herself build that waterway, it would be much better to do so and recoup herself by charging tolls. If Canada cannot finance the proposition now, it would be far better to wait."

"This is a day and age of co-operation when neighbors and nations must increase their strength together, but I can sense in this joint waterway through Canada a producer of embarrassment and irritation to Canadians that had better be avoided."

Better than have an American or any other outside nation put in a position to tell me they own the waterway through my country, I would make any sacrifice to have my government do its financing. Canada now has before her the greatest opportunity in which China gave Japan the right to build a railway through her territory, and the day that America owns a course through Canada is certain to bring a conflict of sovereignty."

"Canadians enjoy a very friendly relationship with the United States. How long will that relationship remain friendly if subjected to the possible irritation of this waterway treaty?"

"For my part I want to say here and now that if the St. Lawrence waterway canal is to be built, Canadians must build it and Canadians must own it."

Found Guilty Of Rioting

Mrs. Annie Buller and Sam Scarlett Receive Jail Sentences

Kelowna, Sask.—Found guilty of rioting by a King's Bench court jury, Mrs. Annie Buller, of Toronto, was sentenced by Mr. Justice H. Y. MacDonald to serve one year in Battleford jail at hard labor.

She was also fined \$500, in default of which she will serve an extra term of six months.

Sam Scarlett, Saskatoon, declared guilty on the same charge was sentenced to one year in Regina jail and was fined \$100, with another six months in default of payment. Hard labor was omitted from his sentence in view of his physical condition after representations had been made for leniency in his behalf by Wilfrid Reformer, who, with Frank Cunningham of Regina, conducted the defence.

To Study Effect Of Duties

London, England.—The British government prefers to watch the working out of the present general import duties before embarking on further fiscal legislation, said Walter Runciman, president of the Board of Trade, when he was urged by Lord Scott, Conservative, to institute extensive "anti-dumping" measures.

Do Not Want Trotsky

Prague, Czechoslovakia.—Czechoslovakia has revoked permission recently extended to Leon Trotsky, exiled Bolshevik leader, to visit this country for three months.

No Sale For Labrador

If Canada Could Afford It Purchase Might Be Profitable

In 1867 the United States bought Alaska from Russia for \$7,300,000. In 1931 Newfoundland offered to sell Labrador to Canada for \$10,000,000.

The correspondence with Newfoundland was tabled in the Canadian Commons. It disclosed Newfoundland's terms: The assumption by Canada of her national debt of \$87,000,000; the payment of a further \$16,000,000 on giving a clear title. It would mean taking \$11 apiece from every man, woman and child in Dominion. And it would be like paying \$400 apiece to every resident of Newfoundland. But it's not going to happen—not just now, at any rate. It is generally conceded that Canada has already enough territory and enough debt without acquiring a large new "helping" of either.

It is also pointed out that \$110,000,000 is a big price—that Quebec could have bought Labrador in 1925 for \$10,000,000. But that was before a Privy Council decision determined the actual area which Newfoundland owns. As a result of that decision in 1927, Newfoundland controls a Labrador of about 115,000 square miles; one-fifth that of Alaska, and more than one-quarter that of Ontario. It is greater in extent than England, Scotland and Wales combined. Its natural resources include a waterpower that is said to eclipse Niagara, and forests that are said to represent \$250,000,000 in timber. The waterpower is the 300-foot Grand (or McLean) Falls on the Hamilton River.

The purchase of Alaska by the United States was described at the time as "Seward's Folly." Time has not justified the description. It may be that Labrador at \$10,000,000 would not be a folly either. But Canada just cannot afford it. The correspondence tabled at Ottawa shows that there is no move being made to take up Newfoundland's offer.

More Accidents But Fewer Fatalities

Shown In Annual Report Of Canadian Railways

A total of 2,997 casualties was the toll of accidents on Canadian railways last year, according to the annual report of the Board of Railway Commissioners tabled in the House of Commons. This was an increase of 68 over the casualties in the previous year. The killed numbered 317 in 1931, as against 420 in 1930, and the injured 2,680 compared with 2,572.

Railway passengers killed in accidents in 1931 numbered nine, a decrease of eight, while passengers injured totalled 426 as against 508. Employees killed in 1931 totalled 51 as against 90, while others (mostly trespassers) killed last year numbered 257 compared with 213 in 1930. Injured employees numbered 1,531 in 1931, compared with 1,462 the year before.

As He Saw It

"Don't talk to me about free education," said a burly farmer of the old school. "What good has it done any one, any way? Makes young fellows too proud to do out for a living but sit at a desk and wear cuffs around their necks! And the girls! Why, my missus can't get a servant; they all want to be actresses, or teachers or lady clerks! And the best of it is, after all the larnin', some of 'em can't even spell. There's young Johnson at the Green Swan just put a sign over his coach-house, and this is how he spells 'carriage'—g-o-a-r-g-e! Don't talk to me about free education!"

Exports from Argentina in the first seven months of this year were 74 per cent. greater in volume than in the corresponding period of last year.

There's nothing that can increase in weight like a heavy ulster on a warm day.



"How old do you think I am?" "You have the brain of a girl of 20, the dress of a girl of 18 and the shyness of a child of ten—total, 48." —Pete Moe, Paris.

W. N. O. 1933

Succeed With Livestock

Western Indians Are Making A Success Of Stock Raising

In live-stock raising, the Indians of the three Prairie Provinces of Canada continue to show marked improvement according to a recent report of the Department of Indian Affairs. During the year 1931 cattle on all the reserves showed an increase in numbers while the horses, which are of a good fancy type, were in excellent shape when the season's farming operations were drawn to a close last autumn.

The Department reports that there are between 23,000 and 24,000 head of cattle on the various reserves in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, which is the largest number yet recorded. The 1931 increase was a substantial one. Over 1,400 steers were sold on the market by Indians and it is estimated that approximately 1,000 head were slaughtered for use on the reserves. After taking these reductions into consideration the net increase was about 2,000 head.

An outstanding feature of the cattle raising operations on Indian reserves in Western Canada is the high quality of the stock. Steers from the various reserves placed on the open market have commanded the highest prices and a substantial source of revenue has been established through stock raising. From year to year pure bred bulls are added to the various herds to improve the stock with beneficial results. The growing interest of the Indians in this branch of farming is a matter of gratification to the Department, better shelters being provided and a general improvement in care being noted. The number of Indians milking cows increased during 1931 and the practice is an indication of continued healthy growth.

The question of pasturage and forage for cattle on the Indian reserves in the southern parts of the Prairie Provinces caused considerable anxiety but late rains relieved the situation. The pasturage throughout the dried out areas was not good until after July 1. Heavy rains improved conditions considerably so that up to the end of the year it was not necessary to feed hay from the stacks. Approximately 75,000 tons of hay and green feed were put up last year by the Indians in the West.

Was Well Catalogued

Works Of Late Edgar Wallace Filled Twenty Pages

Canadians who visit the famous reading room of the British Museum are familiar with the two-foot-high catalogues in their shiny black leather or bindings. Some authors have a page or two to themselves and the record of the more prolific frequently runs into five or six pages. But the late Edgar Wallace, as some enterprising observer discovered recently, has no fewer than twenty of these large catalogues devoted to cataloguing of his works. He counted more than 200 titles of novels, plays, and books of poems dating from 1900 to 1932.

Hundred Per Cent. Profit

Bee-Keeping In Saskatchewan Is Good Business

During the last five years a total of \$540,760 worth of honey has been produced in Saskatchewan according to R. M. Pugh, provincial apiculturist. This means that the bees have paid for themselves, for development work and for equipment and, in addition, returned their owners 100 per cent. on their investment. Mr. Pugh added, "It is authority also for the statement that in the five years, less than \$25,000 has been spent in inspection and promotional work in connection with bee-keeping in the province."

A Short Short Story John Smith was a poor clerk for many years.

He was very sympathetic and listened to any one, with a good deal against the executive. In fact, he said that when he got to be boss there would be more pay for employees and more time for lunch for all.

In due time John Smith became the president of the company and now he listens to no one with a complaint to make. The entire force has suffered from reductions in salary and the lunch hour has been cut to twenty-five minutes.

To assist the domestic hemp industry the Italian government has decided to use goods made of that material in place of other fibres wherever possible in the army and navy.

Among the mountains on the moon is a range which has been called the lunar Apennines and which is more than 400 miles long.

Chile is paying overdue salaries to government clerks.

FANCIFUL FABLES



Farm Life Less Popular

Census Reveals Canadians Show Increasing Preference For Cities

The city and town are winning against the country in bidding for Canada's population. At the census of 1921, there were still more than half the population on the farms. But in 1931, as a return published shows, between 53 and 54 out of every hundred Canadians were living in urban centres.

Prince Edward Island is the most rural province in Canada. More than three out of four live on the farm there; Saskatchewan is next with 68 out of a hundred living in the country, and New Brunswick is only a shade less rural, also with 68.

Ontario is just nosed out by Quebec for the honor of being the most urban province. Only 39 out of every hundred in this province live outside the city or town; in Quebec the number is only 37.

Only one province has grown more rural in the last decade—that is New Brunswick, where the percentage was 67.9 in 1921 and 68.4 in 1931.

The greatest swing cityward is recorded in Quebec, where the percentage of urban folk grew from 56 per cent. in 1921 to 63 per cent. in 1931.

Grow More Alfalfa

More Of This Crop Should Be Cultivated In Western Canada

There are excellent arguments for a greater use of the alfalfa crop in Western Canada. At the present time there is a definite tendency to increase the acreage of forage crops. Alfalfa should certainly be grown on part of this land. It is true that the acreage of alfalfa remains small and many trials have resulted in disappointment. The reasons for this, however, are well understood. Alfalfa is a crop that requires special conditions and proper handling, but it is a crop which will prove very valuable to the man who will try to understand how it should be given.—Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

In its reconstruction plan, Canton, China, will raise or reconstruct all buildings over five years old.

Avoid Late Cutting

Observation In Connection With Cultivation Of Alfalfa Crop

L. E. Kirk, Dominion Agrostologist, Ottawa, observes in connection with alfalfa that winter-killing due to improper management of the crop can be prevented by avoiding late cutting. During the first season the crop should not be cut at all. If it is very weedy it may be advisable to cut off the field with a mower and go over the weeds to prevent them from maturing seed, in which case the clipping should be done early in the fall and with the cutter bar of the mower set high. In succeeding years the crop may be cut for hay once or twice according to circumstances, but if a second cutting is taken it should be made quite early in the season so that there will be sufficient time for a strong fall growth.—Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Four Points In Bee Keeping

Factors which Are Necessary To Ensure Good Success

"The object of all spring manipulations," writes the Dominion Apiculturist in the current issue of "Seasonable Hints," "is to encourage brood production to its maximum and there are four factors necessary to secure it, and for which the beekeeper alone is responsible, (1) Each colony must be headed by a prolific queen; (2) There must be enough food within the hive to not only supply the bees themselves, but to feed the incoming generation of bees; (3) Sufficient room for the normal expansion of the brood nest and for the storage of any surplus nectar and pollen which the early flowers may yield; and (4) Ample protection from the cold and changeable weather of spring."

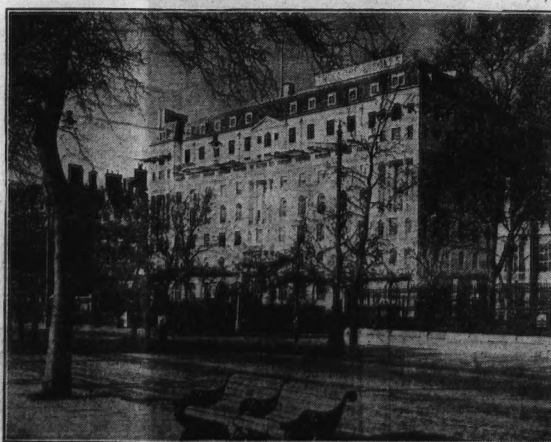
Worse For Them

A man was being led off to execution by a squad of soldiers on a freezing cold morning.

"What brutes you are," murmured the doomed man, "to march me through weather like this!"

"How about us?" retorted one of the squad. "We've got to march back!"

MODERN ARCHITECTURE TO INVADE THE EMPIRE'S CAPITAL



Old London Town is constantly changing her face, so much so that Londoners returning to the land of their birth after years abroad are finding it increasingly hard to find their way about the great city. No less than eight new buildings of unusual continental design are springing up in various parts of the British capital, some of which, like the Daily Express Building in Fleet Street, are radical departures from the usual conservative styles of British architecture. Above is one of the new buildings, the headquarters of the Cables and Wireless Company, looking to the River Thames over the Victoria Embankment Gardens. It was designed by Sir Herbert Baker, and is not quite as startling as the others.

Impaired Rural incomes

Buying-Power In Cities Must Start On Farm

"If you are going to have buying power in the cities you first must have buying-power on the farm," declares Dr. G. I. Christie, president of the Ontario Agricultural College who adds that there will be a return of prosperity only when buying-power is once more placed in the hands of the farmer where true wealth lies. Urban people on the whole do not realize how great an influence an impaired rural income exercises upon their welfare and the welfare of communities in which they reside. Scores and scores of factories in this country are today closed or operating upon reduced time, and hundreds and hundreds of workmen normally employed in manufacturing operations are waiting the streets or existing upon relief or charity because the farmer is offered only the lowest possible prices for his products.

Tragedy Of The North

Two Trappers Hacked To Death With An Axe At Lonely Outpost

Eugene Edward Olson and Emanuel H. Bode, trappers, were hacked to death with an axe in their tent which in the wastes of the Thelon River area of the Arctic Circle on or about December 5, 1930, and a wandering Eskimo named Tekakuk is sought for the double murder.

The silent north clung to the secret of the grim tragedy for more than a year before another trapper discovered the bodies just before last Christmas, and it was not until recently the Royal Canadian Mounted Police reports reached civilization.

Throughout the far flung territory, with its long nights and smarting cold, every member of the northern police force has been informed of these murders and the search for Tekakuk, reported to have been seen with one of the rifles once owned by the trappers.

Uniform Price For Oil

Saskatchewan Relief Commission Urges Various Firms To Reach Agreement

With a view to reaching a standard quality and uniform price for farmers in the drought areas, negotiations are proceeding between the Saskatchewan Relief Commission and the various oil companies and distributing agencies for such products as gasoline, fuel oils, distillate cylinder oil, cup grease and formaldehyde. C. B. Daniel, general manager of the relief commission, announces that rather than negotiate with the individual companies and agencies, the commission has urged the various firms to reach an agreement as to standard of quality and price that will be acceptable to the commission and form a committee to confer with them for the purpose of reaching a decision.

Annoying smoke which has bothered passengers on ocean liners is now eliminated by smoke detectors. These devices "divert" the smoke from the decks and throw it high into the air.

Johannesburg, South Africa, has a building boom.

Praise For Great Britain

Example Should Be Inspiration To World Says U.S. Paper

One of the inspiring stories of national heroism and resolution born of this depression has been coming in, bit by bit, over the Atlantic cables these last few weeks. It is the story of how Great Britain, backed against the wall last September by internal and external forces of economic destruction, has fought her way out again after the traditional English manner, and is now more cheerful than she has been since the war.

First came reports of the huge shipments of gold from India to London, England, in support of the English sterling. Two hundred million dollars in gold has gone to London from India in the last five months and the movement continues unabated. Then came announcement that more than half of the British short term debt to America and France had been paid five months before it was due. Next came removal of restrictions on exchange dealing.

Turn back over the struggles made against depression in the various countries of the world since 1929, and nowhere is there a more inspiring saga than Britain's since those fateful days in September when she resigned the gold standard and formed her coalition government under Ramsey MacDonald.

The Briton always shows to the finest advantage when he is pushed into a corner. The British people never really begin to fight until they are never really happy until in a perfectly impossible situation. That's why the Britisher repeatedly fools the rest of the world.

This column has been guilty, along with thousands of individuals, in thoughtless moments, of singing the old refrain about Britain having reached the zenith of her financial power and being now on the road over the hill to the poor house. Well, those who talk like this may temporarily forget the British character. The British have given the world its most inspirational example in depression warfare. The odds were greater against them than against us. Let us, as Americans, take hope from the British.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Farmer's Account Book

Handy Book Which Will Assist The Farmer Available At Low Price

Farming is a business, and if it doesn't pay the farmer wants to know why it doesn't pay. Some record of receipts and expenses together with an inventory (a list with values of live stock, feed, implements, etc., on hand), taken at the beginning and end of the farmer's year, must be kept if he is to find out why or where it doesn't pay. A record of each department of the farm business should be kept. This is the only way to find out how much is being made from each or which departments are not paying. To assist the farmer in this matter the Dominion Experimental Farms have issued a very simple and useful little account book. This little book, while simple, is a great step in advance of keeping no accounts whatever. It may be procured from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, for the sum of ten cents.

Not A Model Youth

When quite a young woman, before she started her career—"a pound a week and find one's own dress"—Miss Eva Moore taught dancing at Brighton.

"Amongst my pupils," she says, "was a small red-haired boy. "He was the naughtiest boy in the class. In fact, I used to think sometimes that he must surely be the naughtiest boy in the world. His name was Winston Churchill."

With 1,990 hours of sunshine, Seaford was England's sunniest city last year.

Glass fibres as fine as silk are used as insulating material on boilers, engines and pipes.



"Do you believe all they say of Lulu?" "Of course, I believe it—what do they say of her?" —Buen Humor, Madrid.

Church of the Ascension
(ANGELICAN)
Sunday, April 3rd.—First Sunday after Easter
9.00 a. m. Holy Communion
10.00 a. m. Sunday School
7.30 p. m. Evensong,
Anthem—"Jesus Arose"

United Church
Sunday Services April 3rd.
Rodney 11.00 a. m.
Crossfield 7.30 p. m.
At the evening service the choir will sing "No Not Despairingly."
At the close of the service the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be kept.

N. S. F. CHEQUES
Ottawa—Third reading "was given in the house of Commons to a measure amending the criminal code.
One amendment changes the "false pretense" clause and provides that where a check, given for goods, is returned by the bank dishonored the presumption will be that the issuer was guilty of false pretense unless he can show he has reason to believe there was sufficient funds in the bank.
To those who make a practice of issuing cheques when short of funds this should be a warning.
Now is the time to poison gophers.

PETE KNIGHT MARRIED
Pete Knight, of Crossfield, Canada's premier bucking horse rider, won first money at the big rodeo at Fort Worth, Texas; first at Tucson, Arizona show; second at the Denver, Colorado, rodeo; and then celebrated these notable victories by marrying Miss Ida Avont, of Hot Springs, Arkansas, March 21.
Knight, has won more bronk riding championships than any other cowboy living, and is recognized all over the North American continent as one of the greatest bucking horse riders Canada has ever produced. He has held three world's championships in the last six years, and bids fair to win the 1932 title.

Legion Meeting
The monthly meeting of the Canadian Legion (B. E. S. L.) Crossfield Branch was held in the Fire Hall on Saturday 26th March. After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting, the secretary read the replies from the Parliamentary Members G. D. Stanley and E. J. Garland, which were in accordance with the wishes of the Legion re Remembrance Day.
The financial statement for the year ending March 25th was then read by the sec, and adopted.
A discussion regarding the sending of a delegate to the annual Provincial Convention which takes place in Edmonton, was fully gone into by the members.
Comrade Crocker then moved that we ask Capt. Hudson, who would be here on March 28, to act as proxy for the Crossfield Branch. This motion being seconded by Comrade Frisk.
The Legion donated the sum of three dollars to the School Fair.
Vimy Day being on the 9th. of April, the Rev. A. D. Currie in conjunction with the Rev. H. Young offered to hold special services on Sunday April 10th, and notices will be put in the Chronicle regarding these services. Watch for them.
The meeting for April will start at 8 p. m.

W. WALDOCK TO MANAGE STORE AT THREE HILLS
After living in Crossfield for eleven and one half years Mr. W. A. Waldox has accepted a position as manager of the Jenkins Groceteria in the town of Three Hills, he left here on the early train Tuesday morning.
Mr. Waldox who was born in London, England, joined the colors of his country in Sept. 1914 and served in the Imperial Army, doing active service for the remainder of late war, and was honorably discharged in April 1919.
In November 1919, Mr. and Mrs. Waldox came to Canada, and lived in Lacombe until September of 1920, when he came to Crossfield and joined the staff of Halliday & Co, with whom he has been continuously until about two weeks ago.
Mr. Waldox will be very much missed in Crossfield and district, as he was a very active worker in Church and Sunday School, as well as other functions.
He is a Deacon in the Baptist Church and superintendent of the Sunday School, which position he filled admirably.
In wishing Mr. and Mrs. Waldox every success in their new surroundings and all the fruits of their labors, we are only voicing the sentiment of this community.
Mrs. Waldox and their three boys will remain here until such time as they can secure a house in the town of Three Hills.

CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET
Under New Management
Your patronage solicited.
Quality Meats and low prices.
We Have Bargains Every Day. Watch Our Bargain Counter.
We Buy Eggs and Hides
Highest Prices Paid
ALL MEAT at CITY PRICES
Crossfield Meat Market
Steve Klejko, Prop.
Phone 52 P. O. Box 201

Now Open for Business
IN THE
OLD JESSIMAN SHOP
COME IN AND GET ACQUAINTED
General Blacksmithing
Horseshoeing and Woodwork
Done at Reasonable Prices.
Acetylene Welding a Specialty
Our Motto:
SERVICE and SATISFACTION
M. J. ELLIOTT

The Crossfield Chronicle
ESTABLISHED 1907
Published at Crossfield, Alberta
THURSDAY, Mar. 31st, 1932

Local and General
Mrs. E. Mossop is visiting her daughters at Okotoks.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Crocker spent Easter Sunday in Calgary.
Miss Edith Seville spent the Easter holidays in Edmonton.
Mrs. Mel English is visiting friends at Carbon.
O. E. Jones started to sow wheat on March 26, 1932.
Eva Jarman is confined to her home with a severe cold.
Mrs. Arnold High is on the sick list this week.
W. Foster has moved onto the Chas. Mielond farm.

Keep in mind the Dance in the East Community Hall on Friday night April 1st.—No foolin.
Frank Collicutt has been elected to the directorate of the Calgary Exhibition Association.
Constable J. S. Jarman attended the A. P. Police banquet in Calgary on Saturday last.
Mrs. Dargie and her two children of Calgary are visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jarman.
Miss M. Curry and her niece Jean Curry of Carstairs, were the guests of Mrs. J. R. Gilechrist on Wednesday.
Mrs. Baird of Edmonton spent the Easter holidays in town visiting her sister Miss Mabel Young.
Mr. and Mrs. W. Pillidge of Calgary spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. C. Fox.
Mrs. S. H. McClelland and children spent the week-end visiting friends in Edmonton.
Mrs. Miles Fike and daughter Loretta are spending the Easter holidays at Calgary.
Miss Shantz of Calgary spent the holiday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Fitzpatrick.
BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McCrimmon at Calgary on Wed., March 23, a son.
Mr. and Mrs. Morris of Bowden were visitors in town on Sunday the guests of the latter's parents, Rev and Mrs. Young.
Mr. and Mrs. W. McRory spent the week-end at the home of their son E. S. McRory in Calgary.
Miss Florence Cruickshank is spending the Easter holidays with Mr. and Mrs. F. Landers at Cremona.
Mrs. (Dr.) Bishop of Calgary spent Tuesday in town with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Urquhart and in the evening attended the Legion whist drive and social evening.
Mrs. M. Thomas had the misfortune to injure her hand in the electric washer on Tuesday morning, it required four stitches to close the wound.
The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid of the Crossfield United Church will be held on Wednesday, April 6th, at the home of Mrs. Halliday at 3.00 o'clock.
Since our last issue we have had varied weather conditions, some days fine and spring like, others like mid-winter, some snow on the ground yet, today fine.
Miss Edna Russell of Maple Creek, Sask., was a visitor at the home of Mrs. Gilechrist on Wed. on her way to Red Deer where she has accepted a position.
Glen Williams is back on the job at U. G. G. elevator. Glen says he does not even miss his appendix.
Miss Lydia Donald who has been visiting her uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Donald for the past month left on Monday for her home in Phippin, Sask.
We made a very bad error in reporting the ladies' curling games at Carstairs in last week's paper, when we stated that Mrs. Harrison's rink had lost their game by a score of 8 to 3, this should have read that Mrs. Harrison won by a score 9-3.

LEYDEN & BRUCE
Funeral Directors
Private Ambulance in Connection
Phone M 5101
1707 Second Street West Calgary
W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

DENTIST
Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
213a, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN
of the firm of Millikan & Millikan, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will be at Tredaway & Springsteen's office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.
MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

Dr. S. H. McClelland
Veterinary Surgeon
Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
Office—McClelland's Retail Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

Council Meetings
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 9 o'clock p. m.
By Order of the Village Council.
W. Mckory, Sec.-Treas

Walter Major
Contractor and Builder
Estimates Given Plans Prepared Alterations a Specialty
Box 84 Crossfield

All Kinds of TINSMITHING WORK
Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently Done.
Repair Work will receive immediate attention.
J. L. McRory
Crossfield Alberta

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE—2 registered Duroc Boars, also Duroc sows, reasonably priced. Phone 351.
Thos. Fitzgerald, Crossfield.

TO RENT—130 acres of my crop land. Apply
Jno. R. Giles,
Sec 20-28-2-W5th.

FOR SALE—Pekin Ducks.
Mrs. D. J. Hall, Crossfield.

FOR SALE—Oats, 20c per bushel; also Barred Rock Hatching Eggs bred from British Columbia R. O. P. stock; flock has produced 30 per cent since Nov 15th. 2c per egg.
Mrs. O. Bills, phone 309

FOR SALE—Hay, Green Feed, and Oat Bales; also Seed Barley and Seed Oats. Apply
Wm. Urquhart, phone 64.

Watch and Clock Repairing—We are agents for Calgary's leading jewelers and can give you good service.—The Chronicle office.

FOR SALE—Victor Gramophone and about 50 records. A bargain for cash or will trade. Apply at Chronicle Office

I BUY CATTLE OR SHIP CO-OPERATIVELY.
Thos. Fitzgerald, Phone 351

Sid Jones
HARNESS MAKER
Shoes and Harness Repaired;
FOR CASH
Trca Building Crossfield

Canadian Legion B. E. S. L.
Crossfield Branch
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 8 p. m.
Visiting Comrades Welcome.
A. MONTGOMERY J. CROCKER
President Secretary

H. J. JOBSON
AUCTIONEER
25 Years' Experience.
BALZAC ALBERTA
Dates can be arranged with T. Tredaway, Phone 25 Crossfield.

Prices Reduced
From now until the 1st of April the following Cash prices will be charged.
Sharpen Share for 25c
Point Share and Sharpen \$1.00
Polish Share 10c
Disc Sharpen, if taken down, each 15c
Work Guaranteed
Look Over The Hammermill
Cuts the feed and grinds the grain in one operation.
Massey-Harris Cream Separator
Closest Skimmer on the Market.
J. M. WILLIAMS
Massey-Harris Agent
Acetylene Welding

What We Can Do For You
We can Insure Your Life
We can Insure Your Buildings
We can Insure Your Crop
We can Sell Your Land—maybe.
We can prepare Agreements For Sale.
We can prepare Farm Leases.
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